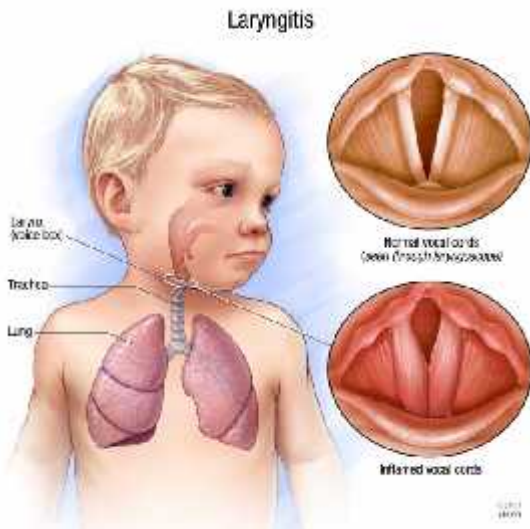


## WHAT IS LARYNGITIS?



Inflammation of the larynx, typically resulting in huskiness or loss of the voice, harsh breathing, and a painful cough.

## TYPES OF LARYNGITIS

The most common are laryngitis and pharyngitis, two types of inflammation with similar symptoms. They are often, but not always, caused by a viral or bacterial infection.

## CAUSES OF LARYNGITIS

Chronic laryngitis can cause vocal cord strain and injuries or growths on the vocal cords (polyps or nodules). These injuries can be caused by: Inhaled irritants, such as chemical fumes, allergens or smoke. Acid reflux, also called gastro esophageal reflux disease (GERD)

## SYMPTOMS OF LARYNGITIS

- Upper respiratory tract infection or cold.
- Dry cough.
- Sore throat.
- Fever.
- Swollen lymph nodes (lymph glands) in the neck.
- Pain with swallowing.
- A feeling of fullness in the throat or neck.
- Runny nose.

## NEUROTHERAPY TREATMENT

Inflammation treatment formula